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FORM PTO-1390 (REV. 1-98)	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF CO	AGERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEY 'S DOCKET NUMBER		
		R TO THE UNITED STATES			
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371			U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5		
CONCER INTERNATIONAL AP			09/763528		
PCT/FR99/0		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE August 20, 1999	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED August 27, 1998		
TITLE OF INVENTIO	N DEVICE FO	OR MONITORING THE PROPER			
APPLICANT(S) FOR I	INFORMAT	ION EXCHANGE PROTOCOL			
Robert LE	PICHON				
Applicant herewith sub	mits to the United St	ates Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/	JS) the following items and other information:		
1. A This is a FIRST	submission of item	s concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371			
2. This is a SECO	ND or SUBSEQUE	NT submission of items concerning a fili	ng under 35 U.S.C. 371.		
3. X This express receive examination unt	luest to begin nation til the expiration of t	al examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 37) he applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 3	(f)) at any time rather than delay (71(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).		
4. X A proper Deman	id for International Pr	reliminary Examination was made by the 1	9th month from the earliest claimed priority date.		
, <u>— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —</u>		tion as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))			
		quired only if not transmitted by the Inter e International Bureau.	national Bureau).		
c. is not	•	lication was filed in the United States Rec	eiving Office (RO/US).		
#		pplication into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)	-		
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		the International Bureau.	dments has NOT our ined		
c. In have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. have not been made and will not be made.					
2 pm		the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.	C. 371 (c)(3)).		
		or(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).			
10. A translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).					
Items 11. to 16. belo	ow concern docume	ent(s) or information included:	•		
II. X An Information	Disclosure Statemen	nt under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.			
12. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.					
13. A FIRST preliminary amendment.					
A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.					
4. A substitute specification.					
5. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.					
16. X Other items or information:					
Inte	rnational Pr	eliminary Examination Re	eport.		
Appl	ication Data	Sheet.			
Searc	ch Report.				

U.S. APPLICATION NO GITTER	THOR I	TERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.	4	ATTORNEY'S DO	
	<u> </u>	PCT/FR99/0202	4		00/1318 PTO USE ONLY
17. X The follows	7. X The following fees are submitted: CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY ASSIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)):				
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Neither international se	arch fee (37 CFR 1.445)	a)(2)) naid to USPTO			
		a)(2)) paid to USPTO d by the EPO or JPO	•		
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but all claims did n	ot satisfy provisions of F	37 CFR 1.482) paid to US CT Article 33(1)-(4)	690.		
International prelim	ninary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to US	PTO		
and all claims satis	ried provisions of PCT A	Article 33(1)-(4) BASIC FEE AMO	100.	\$ 0.60	
				\$ 860	
Surcharge of \$130.0 months from the ear	O for furnishing the oath liest claimed priority dat	or declaration later than e (37 CFR 1.492(e)).	20 🗓 30	\$ 130	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	\$	
Total claims	6 - 20 =	. 0	x \$ 18.	\$ 0	
Independent claims	1 -3 =	0	x 80.	\$ 0	
	DENT CLAIM(S) (if ap	plicable)	+ 270.	\$	
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		S	UBTOTAL =	\$ 990	
Processing fee of \$1	30.00 for furnishing the liest claimed priority da	English translation later t		s	
		TOTAL NATIO	NAL FEE =	\$ 990	
Fee for recording th	e enclosed assignment (3 appropriate cover sheet	37 CFR 1.21(h)). The ass (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40	ignment must be	\$	
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Amount to be refunded:				\$	
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b. Please charge my Deposit Account No in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
c. X The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required by					
37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 25-0120. A duplicate					
copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
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NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR					
1.137 (a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.					
February 26, 2001					
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO: February 26, 2001 Senot Castel					
Young & Thompson CUSTOMER NO. 000466 SIGNATURE					
	7/5 South 23rd Street				
2nd Floor	2nd Floor Beno			it Castel	
Arlington, VA 22202					
(703) 521–2	297	*	<u>35,0</u>		
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Device for monitoring the proper operation of an information exchange protocol

The present invention relates to a device for 5 monitoring the proper conduct of a protocol for exchanging information conveyed on a cabled telephone network.

Generally, when data transmission problems arise between data sending and receiving stations, due in particular to noncompliance with a telecommunication protocol, it is necessary, in order to solve these problems, to undertake an analysis of the data conveyed on the network.

To do this, one conventionally uses a protocol analyzer which will be plugged into a data transfer line by means of which one of the sending and receiving stations is connected to the telephone network.

By processing the data transmitted, such an analyzer locates and identifies faults which have arisen during data transmission.

Within the field of communication over "Internet" networks, the microcomputers used are increasingly tending to be equipped with built-in modems, making it impossible to connect a protocol analyzer.

The aim of the invention is to alleviate this drawback.

Its subject therefore a is device monitoring the proper conduct of a protocol exchanging information over a cabled telephone network, between at least two data sending and receiving stations, the device comprising a protocol analyzer connected to one at least of the sending and receiving stations, characterized in that, the station to which the analyzer is connected being provided with a built-in modulator/demodulator, the device furthermore comprises a unit for converting the data from a first format, according to which the data are conveyed over the network, into a second format, according to which

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the data are adapted so as to be processed by the protocol analyzer, the conversion unit being connected between the protocol analyzer and the modulator/demodulator of the station to which the analyzer is connected.

The monitoring device according to the invention can furthermore comprise one or more of the following characteristics, taken in isolation or according to all technically possible combinations:

- the conversion unit comprises two modulators/demodulators connected in series between the telephone network and the corresponding sending and receiving station and between which is connected the protocol analyzer, the modulators/demodulators of the conversion unit operating, as a function of direction of sending of the data, the one, as a demodulator, for the conversion of the data according to the format adapted for the processing of this data by the analyzer and, the other, as a modulator, for the modulation of the data demodulated by the demodulator with a view to their transmission over the network;
- the modulators/demodulators of the conversion unit are connected together by a serial link, in particular of the RS232 type;
- the data conversion unit is connected, by way of a high-impedance connection facility to a data transfer line, by means of which the corresponding sending and receiving unit is attached to the network;
- the data conversion unit comprises
 demodulation means attached to the connection facility
 and associated with means for discriminating between
 the data sent by the sending and receiving station
 closest to the analyzer and the data sent by the most
 distant station; and
- odemodulators connected in parallel to the connection facility and ensuring, the one, the demodulation of the data originating from the closest sending and receiving station and, the other, the demodulation of the data

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sent by the most distant station, the discriminating means comprising means for comparing the level of reception conveying said data.

Other characteristics and advantages will emerge from the following description, given merely by way of example and with reference to the appended drawings in which:

- Figure 1 is a diagram representing the general architecture of a telecommunication network equipped with a monitoring device in accordance with the invention;
- Figure 2 is a schematic diagram of a first embodiment of the monitoring device of figure 1; and
- Figure 3 is a schematic diagram of a second embodiment of the monitoring device of figure 1.

Represented in figure 1 is a schematic diagram of a telecommunication network.

It is intended to ensure the transfer of data over a telecommunication network 10, such as an Internet type communication network, between at least two data sending and receiving stations.

Represented in this figure is a single data sending and receiving station 12, consisting of a microcomputer connected to a telephone line 16, by way of a data transmission line 14, fitted with a telephone socket 18 of conventional type.

As may be seen in this figure 1, the telephone line 16 communicates with the Internet network 10 by means of an access provider 20 and by way of a cabled telephone network 22, which are represented diagrammatically in this figure.

The data sending and receiving station with which the microcomputer 12 communicates is connected to the telephone network 22.

Of course, it may also be connected to a network of another provider, such as 24.

As is conventional, the microcomputer 12 as well as, if appropriate, the sending and receiving station with which this microcomputer communicates are

each fitted with a built-in modem (not represented in this figure) allowing the modulation of the data with a view to their transmission over the networks, and, on reception, their demodulation.

It may be seen furthermore that a protocol analyzer 26 is connected to the microcomputer 12 with a view to monitoring the proper conduct of the information exchange protocol used for the transfer of data between the data sending and receiving stations.

More particularly, it will be plugged into the telephone socket 18, between the data transfer line 14 and the telephone line 16.

It will be noted that the analyzer 26 consists of a protocol analyzer of conventional type. It will therefore not be described in detail hereinbelow.

It will however be noted that it consists for example of a "Clarinet" type protocol analyzer.

Finally, it may be seen in figure 1 that the network represented in this figure is supplemented with a unit, designated by the general numerical reference 28, for converting the data transmitted between the sending and receiving units, by way of which the analyzer 26 is connected to the data transfer line 14.

This conversion unit 28 ensures the conversion of the data from a first format, according to which the data are conveyed, after modulation, between the data sending and receiving stations on the Internet network 10, on the cabled telephone network 22 and possibly on the third-party network 24, into a second format according to which the data are adapted so as to be processed by the protocol analyzer 26, that is to say according to a format according to which the data are demodulated and are for example provided to the analyzer 26 by means of a V24 type line.

Represented in figure 2 is a first embodiment of the conversion unit 28.

In this figure, the telecommunication network has been represented diagrammatically by two data sending and receiving units 30 and 32 each fitted with

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a modem, 34 and 36 respectively, connected to a line 38 of the telecommunication network.

It may be seen in this figure that the conversion unit 28 comprises two modulator/demodulator circuits 40 and 42 connected in series between the cabled telephone network and one, 30, of the sending and receiving stations.

The two modulator/demodulator circuits 40 and 42 are connected together by means of a serial link 44, for example of the RS232 type, into which the protocol analyzer 26 will be plugged (figure 1).

It will be noted that the modulator/demodulator circuits 40 and 42 operate according to antagonistic modes of operation. Thus, as a function of the direction of sending of the data between the two stations 30 and 32, one of the modulator/demodulator circuits operates as a demodulator in such a way as to demodulate the data signals sent by the sending station, the other circuit operating as a modulator in such a way as to modulate the data signals demodulated by the first modulator/demodulator circuit.

Accordingly, the data signals conveyed on the serial link 44 between the two modulator/demodulator circuits 40 and 42 exhibit a format adapted so as to be processed by the protocol analyzer 26 and, downstream the data conversion unit 28, considering the direction of flow of the data, these signals exhibit a conveyed format adapted so as to be on telecommunication networks. insofar as the modulator/demodulator circuit operating as a modulator recreates modulation the performed by the modulator/demodulator 34 or 36 of the sending station.

It will be noted that, preferably, the modulator/demodulator circuits 40 and 42 are preferably of self-adaptive type, in such a way as to recognize and adapt automatically to the modulation performed by the sending station.

Represented in figure 3 is another embodiment of the data conversion unit 28.

In this figure, elements identical to those of figure 2 bear the same reference numbers.

It may be seen, in this figure 3, that the data conversion unit 28 is linked to the line 38 by way of a high-impedance connection facility 46, consisting for example of a differential transformer, in such a way as to tap off the data conveyed on this line without disturbing the operation of the network.

The data thus extracted are input to two demodulator circuits 48 and 50, by way of an amplifier 52.

As may be seen in this figure 3, the two demodulator circuits 48 and 50 are disposed in parallel and ensure, the one, 48, the demodulation of the data originating from the closest sending and receiving station 30 and, the other, 50, the demodulation of the data sent by the most distant station 32.

The data thus demodulated have a format adapted for their processing by the protocol analyzer 26. They are input to the latter by means of a link 51, for example of the V24 type, with a view to monitoring the proper conduct of the communication protocol used for exchanging data between the sending and receiving stations 30 and 32.

To perform the discrimination between the data signals originating from the sending station closest to the conversion unit 28 and the data signals originating from the most distant unit, the corresponding signals, extracted from the line 38 by the connection facility 46, which correspond, the one, to a high reception level and, the other, to a low reception level, are compared in the demodulator circuits 48 and 50. Such a comparison is performed either by inter-comparison of the signals, or by comparison with respect to a threshold value.

The data signals thus discriminated and demodulated, which correspond, the one, to a send signal and, the other, to a receive signal, are each

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supplied to the protocol analyzer 26 by way of a specific junction wire, 54 and 56 respectively.

Thus, in the case of the use of a V24 type link for connecting the protocol analyzer 26 to the conversion unit 28, junction wire number 103 of the V24 link is used to provide the protocol analyzer 26 with the data originating from the closest data sending and receiving station. Likewise, junction wire number 104 of the V24 link is used to provide the analyzer 26 with the data originating from the most distant station.

It is appreciated that the invention just described, which comprises a data conversion unit fitted with demodulation means, allows the connecting of protocol analyzers of various types to microcomputers fitted with built-in modems.

Moreover, insofar as the connecting of the conversion unit is done by means of a telephone socket, it is appreciated that the installing of such a device is particularly easy to perform.

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CLAIMS

- A device for monitoring the proper conduct of a protocol for exchanging information over a cabled telephone network, between at least two data sending and receiving stations (12, 30, 32), the comprising a protocol analyzer (26) connected to one at least of the sending and receiving stations (12, 30, 32), characterized in that, the station to which the analyzer (26) is connected being provided with a built-in modulator/demodulator (34, 36), the device furthermore comprises a unit (28) for converting the data from a first format, according to which the data are conveyed over the network, into a second format, according to which the data are adapted so as to be processed by the protocol analyzer (26), the conversion unit (28) being connected between the protocol analyzer (26) and the modulator/demodulator (34, 36) station to which the analyzer is connected.
- 2. The device as claimed in claim 1, characterized that the conversion unit (28) comprises modulators/demodulators (40, 42) connected in series between the telephone network and the corresponding sending and receiving station and between which is connected the protocol analyzer (26),the modulators/demodulators (40, 42) of the conversion unit operating, as a function of the direction of sending of the data, the one, as a demodulator, for the conversion of the data according to the format adapted for the processing of this data by the analyzer (26) and, the other, as a modulator, for the modulation of the data demodulated by the demodulator with a view to their transmission over the network.
- 3. The device as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the modulators/demodulators of the conversion unit are connected together by a serial link (44), in particular of the RS232 type.
 - 4. The device as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the data conversion unit (28) is connected, by

way of a high-impedance connection facility (46) to a data transfer line, by means of which the corresponding sending and receiving unit is attached to the network.

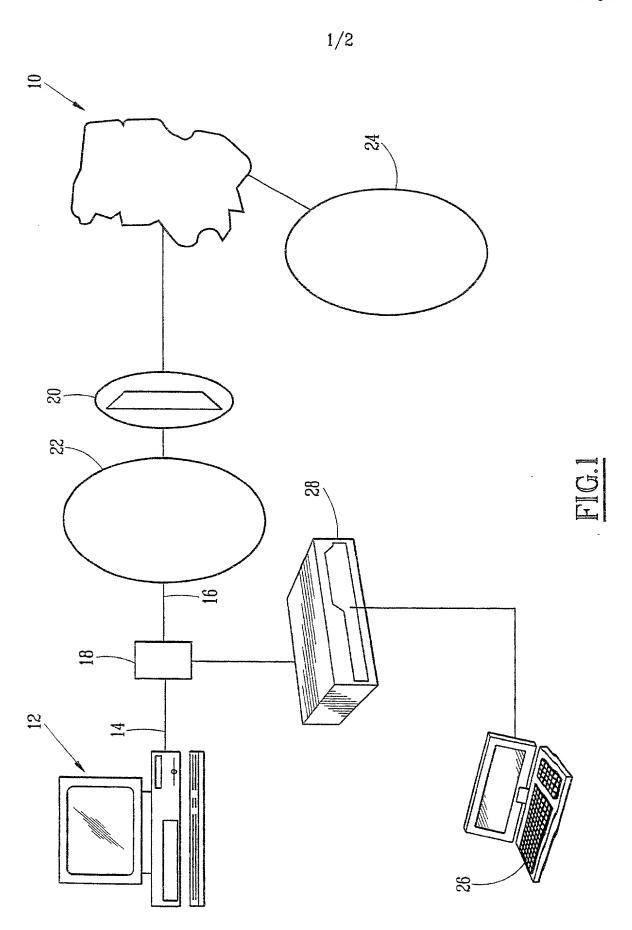
- 5. The device as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that the data conversion unit comprises demodulation means (48, 50) attached to the connection facility (46) and associated with means for discriminating between the data sent by the sending and receiving station closest to the analyzer (26) and the data sent by the most distant station.
 - 6. The device as claimed in claim 5, characterized in that the demodulation means comprise demodulators (48, 50) connected in parallel to the connection facility and ensuring, the demodulation of the data originating from the closest sending and receiving station and, the other, demodulation of the data sent by the most distant station, the discriminating means comprising means for comparing the level of reception conveying said data.

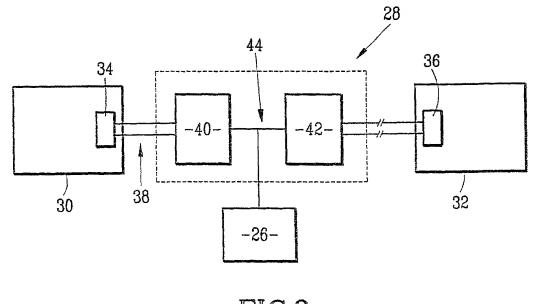
Device for monitoring the proper operation of an information exchange protocol

ABSTRACT

This device for monitoring the proper conduct of a protocol for exchanging information over a cabled telephone network, between at least two data sending and receiving stations (12), comprises a protocol analyzer (26) connected to one at least of the sending and receiving stations (12). The latter being provided with a built-in modulator/demodulator, the device furthermore comprises a unit (28) for converting the data from a first format, according to which the data are conveyed over the network, into a second format, according to which the data are adapted so as to be processed by the protocol analyzer (26), the conversion unit (28) being connected between the protocol analyzer (26) and the modulator/demodulator of the station to which the analyzer is connected.

Fig. 1





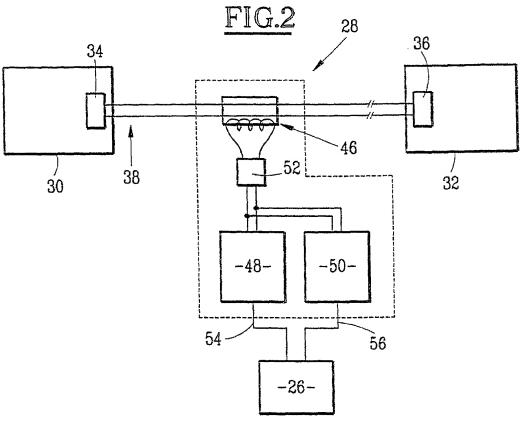


FIG.3

POWER OF ATTORNEY

The undersigned hereby authorizes the U.S. attorney or agent named herein to accept and follow instructions from as to any action to be taken in the Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communication between the U.S. attorney or agent and the undersigned. In the event of a change in the persons from whom instructions may be taken, the U.S. attorney or agent named herein will be so notified by the undersigned.

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the registered patent attorneys represented by Customer No. 000466 to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, including: Robert J. PATCH, Reg. No. 17,355, Andrew J. PATCH, Reg. No. 32,925, Robert F. HARGEST, Reg. No. 25,590, Benoît CASTEL, Reg. No. 35,041, Eric JENSEN, Reg. No. 37,855, Thomas W. PERKINS, Reg. No. 33,027, and Roland E. LONG, Jr., Reg. No. 41,949,

c/o YOUNG & THOMPSON, Second Floor, 745 South 23rd Street, Arlington, Virginia 22202.



00466 ATENY TRADEMARK OFFICE

Address all telephone calls to Young & Thompson at 703/521-2297. Telefax: 703/685-0573.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

diction.)
Full name of sole or first inventor: (given name, family name) Tinventor's signature Residence: 38. Square des Hautes Chalais 35200 RENNES - FRANCE FRX. Post Office Address: The same as above	Date 19/02/2001 Citizenship: French
Full name of second joint inventor, if any: (given name, family name)	·
inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	Citizenship:
Post Office Address:	
Full name of third joint inventor, if any: (given name, family name)	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	Citizenship:
Post Office Address:	
Full name of fourth joint inventor: (given name, family name)	
inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	Date Citizenship:
	•

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

" Device for monitoring the proper operation of an information exchange protocol ".

the specification	of	which:	(check	one)
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REGULAR OR DESIGN APPLICATION

[]	is attached hereto.
[]	was filed on as application Serial No.
ACTION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	(if applicable).
Carlos	PCT FILED APPLICATION ENTERING NATIONAL STAGE
	was described and claimed in International application No. PCT/FR99/02024 filed on August 20, 1999 / and as amended on (if any).
hereby state that I is as amended by any	nave reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, amendment referred to above.
Regulations, §1.56.	luty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal
	PRIORITY CLAIM
	on priority benefits under 35 USC 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate

PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)

listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing (day, month, year)	Priority Claimed
FRANCE	98 10785	27/08/98 /	YES

(Complete this part only if this is a continuing application.)

before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 USC 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 USC 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations \$1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

¬		
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status-patented, pending, abandoned)